Faro Laser Trackers

Faro Vantage / Faro Ion / Faro Xi



This guide applies to the setup of the Faro X, Xi, Ion and Vantage (including Vantage^S/^E, Vantage^{S6}/^{E6} models).

Hardware SetupSet up the unit following the manufacturer's directions.Connect the temperature probe and ensure that it is well clear of any
external heat sources (such as the heat fan on the back of the power
supply). Ensure that the instrument is powered on and that an SMR is
in the home position.Software SetupFaro trackers are networked TCP/IP connected devices and should be
connected either to a wireless network or directly to a computer with
an Ethernet crossover cable.Set your computer's Local Network connection to be compatible with
that of the Faro tracker. Faro trackers are shipped with a standard
wired IP address of 128.128.128.100 (subnet 255.255.255.0). Wireless
connections default to 169.254.4.115.

Download the latest java drive from: http://www.kinematics.

com/ftp/SA/Install/Driver Downloads/Laser Trackers/ Faro/. Extract the files to the C:\ drive. This should create a directory structure with the Faro Java files contained in C:\FaroJRE.

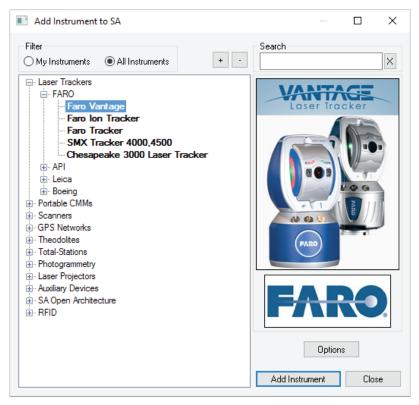
Your JRE files must match your version of SA...

- SA version 2018.12.07 and newer use JRE version 5.1.3.1
- Version 2017.02.09 to 2018.07.11 use JRE version 5.0
- Prior to version 2017.02.09 use JRE version 4.3

If you plan to use the video (overview) camera, you must also get the 'Faro Tracker Camera files.zip' file(version matching that of the JRE Files). Unzip the file and follow the instructions contained in ReadMe Faro Camera.txt. Note that cameras are wireless. If your camera has the default IP address, you can set your PC's wireless connection's address to 129.129.0.1.

Starting the Interface

1. Select **Instrument > Add** and choose the appropriate Faro tracker from the *Add Instrument to SA* dialog (Figure 14-63).



- Run Interface Module without connecting (Instrument > Run Interface Mode) and choose Laser Trackers.
- 3. Within the Connect to Spatial Analyzer dialog, Select the instrument station (computer name, job name, Collection::Instrument Name: Serial Number) you wish to con-

Figure 14-63. Adding a Faro tracker

nect your instrument to from the network list and press OK.

4. This will bring up the *Faro Connection* dialog (Figure 14-64).

Faro Connection	×	
O Tracker Serial Number		
Tracker TCP/IP Address		
128 . 128 . 128 . 100	Ping	
🗹 Connect To Tracker	Run Startup Checks	
🔲 Initialize Tracker	Run Compl T	
Location of Java Files	🗹 Smart Warm-Up	
C:\FaroJRE\	Browse	
	OK	

5. Enter the tracker's IP address (if different than the default) and use the Ping button to test the connection if needed.

Once satisfied, click OK. The next time you connect this instrument to the instrument, you can just select *Run Interface and Connect*. This will utilize the last saved settings and automatically connect the instrument.

Notes on the connection process:

- The first 7 digits of the tracker serial number can also be used to find the tracker. When you use this method it will search for both a wired and wireless connection.
- To connect Wireless, be sure to connect your computer to the trackers wireless signal and use either the serial number or the wireless IP address which will something like 169.254.1.1 (not the wired default).
- If you have any trouble be sure to check your windows firewall.
 Exceptions need to be made for both the *Spatial Analyzer* and *SA Laser Tracker* applications.

The interface is now connected and ready for use. Please refer to the Measurements chapter of the manual for more details on the tracker interface and instrument settings options.

Faro Specific Settings

Distance Mode

Beam rest can be manually overridden as needed. Choose between:



- ADM Only. This mode restricts beam tracking operations to ADM only.
- IFM Only. This mode restricts beam tracking operation to IFM only which requires a homing procedure each time the beam is broken.
- IFM Set by ADM. Faro's default mode which is a hybrid mode that provides accurate tracking using IFM and easy beam recapture using ADM modes.

External Trigger Settings

• **External Trigger Settings.** The external trigger will apply to ANY measurement profile which has either a spatial or temporal scan as it's Acquisition.

When "External" is set (for the *Measurement Start Trigger* in the **Faro Tracker Settings**), points will be taken when the trigger is pulsed. The only requirements is that a profile must be started for the external trigger to be recognized which as an Acquisition mode of either spatial or temporal scan. The advantage of this design is that no adjustments to the measurement profile need to be made, and any profile will work (Figure 14-65).

- The trigger cable must be connected to the "Up" port on the tracker controller.
- 0 Volts on the trigger port implies take data and send the data in continuous mode (where as 5Volts indicates stop). So by default the external trigger is set to on and sending data and must be powered to stop sending data. This means that if there is no external trigger, the measurement will simply begin at the maximum temporal rate of the trackers.

CHAPTER 14 • MEASURING WITH LASER TRACKERS

Figure 14-65. Faro tracker set- tings including external trigger settings	🔀 Faro Tracker Settings	\times	Search Settings	Faro V300017
	Distance Mode ADM Only IFM Only IFM Set by ADM Measurement Start Trigger Internal (Default) External (Input on Controller)	?	 ✓ Camera Search Enabled ☐ Find Me Enabled Active Seek Radius 36.0 in Spatial Scan Data Buffering ✓ Enable Faro Data Buffering Buffer Size 0.2 / Increment in Inches 	Settings Device Active Seek Is Off Collection: Group: Main Target: p313 Mea Target/Reflector 1.5" Measurement Pr - 6D Scan
	L		Do not buffer if increment is >= 0.1 inches Program 6Probe Buttons OK Cancel	

Search Settings

Faro's video camera is used is used for reflector acquisition and provides a couple of optional modes:

- Camera Search Enabled. This option enables camera search. Disabling this option is used to limit target search to a beam spiral search only.
- Find Me Enabled. This is similar to the "Gesture Recognition" setting and allows the tracker to snap to the moving target.
- Active Seek Radius. Active Seek can be set from main window (formerly "Smart Find") dialog if supported. The Active Seek Radius can be set to limit the search zone relative to the current beam position considered by the camera.

Spatial Scan Data Buffering

Data buffering was added to ensure that SA keep up with data delivered form the instrument. With a very tight scan increment this can be quite fast (~100Hz).

- Enable Faro Data Buffering. Provides a switch to enable or disable data buffer. If unchecked, behavior is unchanged from previous versions
- Buffer Size. Default is 0.2. At 0.2, for a spatial increment of 0.01" (2.54 mm), the buffer would be 0.2/0.01 = 20 pts. Another way to look at this is the Buffer Size means the number of inches worth of data that will get buffered. So at a value of 1.0 and a spatial increment of 0.01", the buffer size would be 1.0/0.01 = 100 pts, and with a point every 0.01", 100 of them takes up 1.0 inch.

 Do not buffer if increment is >= . This allows you to set a maximum increment for which buffering will occur. The default value is 0.1, meaning that when you set a spatial increment of 0.1" (2.54 mm) or higher, no buffering will occur.

Its important to know that this buffering happens on the Faro side, the interface will not receive any data until the buffer is filled. So for example, you cannot set a scan whose increment would result in a calculated buffer size of 100 points, and yet set a profile to stop at 20 points because it will not send data at all until 100 points have been recorded.

Specialty Targets

Windowed SMR Configuration

Windowed SMR's have an additional ADM offset, due to their glass front, which needs to be accounted for. This is done by building a target based upon the correct reflector definition (see "Targets and Retros" on page 387). Care should be taken to always use a target that is representative of the actual reflector being used or an error equal to the ADM constant may be seen in your measurements.

As stated in the Faro accessories manual, proper use of the windowed SMR requires sending it home when the target type is set correctly, otherwise an error will occur. This ensures the correct ADM offset is used. Additionally, when running startup checks or ComplT with the windowed SMR, you should be sure to send the tracker home afterwards, as these routines assume 1.5" standard SMR is being used. An additional homing operation should be performed to update the target definition.

Faro 6D Probe

Faro's 6D probe can be used within SA, using the Vantage^{S6} and Vantage^{E6} trackers. No additional driver installation is required. Compatible trackers will include a **6Probe** definition.

The 6probe target detection is automatic but an initial connection and activation process must be performed each time the 6D Probe is powered on, and would go as follows:

- 1. Connect to the Tracker
- 2. Power on the 6D Probe Unit and catch the beam.
- **3.** Press any button on the probe and wait (approx. 10-20 sec.) for the probe's "happy" beep and blue LED. If you have trouble getting the 6Probe to activate, try moving it farther from the tracker.
- 4. After the first successfully pairing of the 6Probe and tracker, you'll be instructed Probe Management UI will pop automati-

cally to set the active probe tip. Select a tip that is Valid, or Calibrate at least one probe tip, and select it.

The probe is auto-detected once a probe tip is activated. When you lock back on to a 3D probe, the last used 3D probe will be set active for you. The pairing process will not be necessary again until the probe is powered down.

The follow status indicator lights may be displayed:

- No Lights Flashing. Press a probe button to begin the initial connection process.
- Flashing Blue Lights. A connection to the probe is being made... wait for completion.
- Flashing Red Lights. Connection attempt failed. Press a button to begin again.
- Flashing Green Lights. Success full connection has been established, waiting for tip selection. The Probe Management UI will open automatically to allow tip selection.
- Solid Green Lights. Ready to Measure.

Once configured, the probe is auto-detected and will be set simply by catching the beam. When you lock back on to a 3D probe, the last used 3D probe will be set as active.

Tip selection and calibration is performed within the Faro utility window that can be displayed directly from the Home Button in the interface which will read SetTip when a 6probe is active (Figure 14-66). Also note that the name and diameter of the active probe definitions is displayed on the Measure button.

🕒 Faro V	30001907	—		×			
Settings	Devices Cl	heck/Cal	Utility				
@° 🥖	@+ 🌊	2 🗅	ADM . IFM NONE				
Active See Is On	^{.k} A::0	<u> </u>					
Collection	:		~ 🛰				
Group: N	1ain		✓ +/- □	Inc			
Target: P	1		+/- 🗙 🗸	Inc			
Measure: 6Probe 6mm D=6.0 6PRB0101149							
Set Tip							
Target/Reflector Quick Select							
1.5"	0.0''	0.5"	7/8''				
•	•	@-	•				

This utility is also accessible as a target definition within the Reflectors and Targets database, where the **6Probe** target functions as a but-

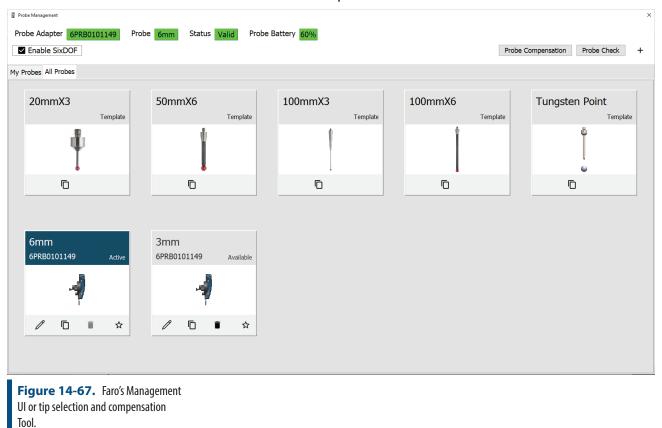
Figure 14-66. Tip Selection control from the "Home" button

SPATIALANALYZER USER MANUAL

ton and provides access through a left click to Faro's Probe Management utility (Figure 14-67).

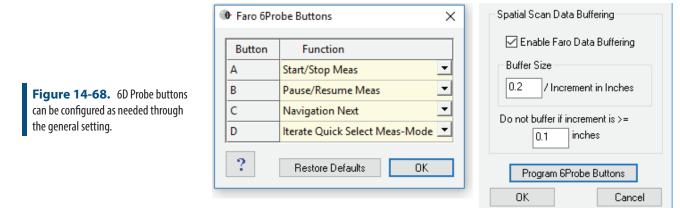
Faro's Probe Management utility provides:

- Ability to select directly for a list of defined probe tips
- Probe Compensation options



Probe Check options

To program the 6Probe's buttons, just click on the "gear" icon (⁽⁾, and then on the **Faro** button (Figure 14-68).



When set up for a given work flow, such as using the inspection task list, these buttons can be used to work for long periods without going back to the computer. In addition, the 6Probe can be used as a remote even when using and SMR.

A set of standard 6D measurement profiles will also be available with the 6D Probe (Figure 14-69).

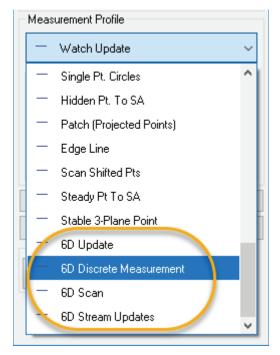


Figure 14-69. Standard Set of 6D Measurement Profiles

These provide a starting point for custom measurement profile development. 6D measurements send frame's to SA to graphically define position and orientation, which can be used in combination with regular point measurements (which also do save the probing information in the measurement details). For more information on defining measurement profiles (see "Measurement Profiles" on page 393)